

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

Vol. VII.]

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 24, 1867.

[No. 1944.]

SALES AT VENDUE.

On every Tuesday and Friday,
WILL BE SOLD,
AT THE VENDUE STORE,
Corner of Prince and Water streets,
A variety of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.
Particulars of which will be expressed in
the bills of the day.
ALL kinds of goods which are on limita-
tion and the prices of which are established,
at any time be viewed and purchased at the
lowest limitation and prices.
P. G. Marsteller, v. M.

142 hhd. of MOLASSES,
5 puncheons RUM,
100 bbls. Shad and Herrings,
Just Received and for Sale by
Marsteller & Young.
May 25.

JUST RECEIVED.

By Sloop MARIA ANTOINETTE, from St. Ja-
co de Cuba, and for Sale, by the subscri-
bers,

275 Spanish Hides
12 hogsheads Molasses
1764 lbs. Bees-Wax
39 boxes white and brown Sugars
7000 lbs. Coffee
150 boxes Segars
9 tons Pistie
6 do. Logwood

June 9. Wadsworth & Butler.

Freight Wanted,
For a new Schooner of 1000 barrels,
To any of the Windward Islands
or Lisbon.

She will be at Alexandria in five days.—
Apply to

W. Yeaton,
Ramsay's wharf.

May 9. SPANISH HIDES,
First quality Porto-Rico GREEN COF-
FEE, and St. Croix SUGARS,
Just received, per schooner Fame, from St.
Thomas.

FOR SALE, BY

Richard Veitch & Co.

April 25.

Just received from Philadelphia,

By Captain Hand,
29 chests Young Hyson, and
9 boxes Hyson Shulan Tea, of a superior
quality, which will be sold low.

Likewise on hand,
6 hhd. good Sugar,
10 hhd. Molasses, of a good quality,
Salt of various kinds,
And a constant supply of Flour suitable for
family use.

March 27. Joseph Dean.

District of Columbia.

NOTICE is hereby given to all whom it
may concern, That the Consul General
of Portugal to the United States of America,
has authorized the subscriber, to legalize all
papers that may be necessary for vessels
bound from the ports of this district to any in
Portugal or Madeira.

Those masters of vessels who may omit
having their bills of health thus certified, will
be liable to undergo quarantine.

It is requisite that any article shipped for
account of a Portuguese subject, should be
declared, and sworn to, as Portuguese prop-
erty; and the bills of lading legalized as above.

Lewis Deblais.

May 16.

Public Sale.

By virtue of a deed of trust from Philip Wan-
ton to the subscriber, for the purpose of se-
curing the payment of certain sums therein
mentioned, will be exposed to public sale,
on the premises, at 11 o'clock, in the fore-
noon, on SATURDAY, the 27th day of
June next, on a credit of six months.

Six LOTS handfomely situated,

contiguous to the town of Alexandria; con-
taining between 5 and 6 acres, each being a
part of the tract lately known by the name of
"Stump-Hill," and in the sub-division thereof,
as laid off by Col. Gilpin—distinguished by
the numbers 18, 19, 20, 23, 24, 25.

To accommodate purchasers, these Lots
will be set up separately—and for the con-
sideration money notes with approved indorsers,
will be required.

JOHN M'IVER.

May 29.

Public Sale of Lands.

On Saturday the 27th day of June next, will be
sold at the Coffee House, in the town of Alex-
andria, at 12 o'clock, of that day—By virtue
of a decree of the honorable the United States
Circuit Court, of the District of Columbia, for
the County of Alexandria, on 6 and 12 months
credit, the following tracts of land to wit:

One Tract or parcel of Land,
lying in the county of Fairfax, adjoining the
lands of the late Col. Charles Broadwater,
containing about 300 acres.

One other Tract of Land, in
the county of Montgomery, on the waters of
Piney River and Paint Creek, branches of the
Kenawba, granted by the commonwealth of
Virginia to Nicholas Hannah, containing 960
acres.—Also,

One other Tract of Land, in
the county of Hampshire, in the state of Vir-
ginia, formerly granted to Bryan Bruin, and
by him sold to John Pankake, containing 482
acres.—The above mentioned lands were, by
the last will and testament of Robert Alexan-
der, deceased, devised to his son Robert, and
are now sold to satisfy a debt due to George
Chapman, junior.

Thomas Swann,
George Deneale,
Edmund I. Lee, } Comrs.

May 26.

Joseph Mandeville,

Corner of King and Fairfax-streets,

HAS RECEIVED

30 barrels WHISKEY

2000 lbs. cheese, of superior quality
10 bales cotton
10 boxes best Florence oil, in bottles
15 cases choice small twist tobacco
40 boxes mould and dipped candles
10 boxes fresh chocolate
140 reams wrapping paper

Imperial
Hyson
Young Hyson, and
Hyson-skin

Which, with a general assortment of wines,
liquors and groceries, he will sell very low
for cash, produce, or the usual credit.

June 15.

JUST LANDING.

From Charleston,

20 tierces fresh RICE, and five
bales of COTTON, which is said to be of the
first quality—and are for sale by

Mordecai Miller.

June 10.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED

And offer for Sale,

A considerable quantity of

FRESH TEAS,

This spring's Philadelphia importation, and
of excellent quality—consisting of

Hyson, in quarter chests.

Young Hyson do.

Hyson-Skin do.

Souchong boxes.

I have also for Sale,

10 pipes 4th proof Cogniac Brandy.

5 do. 4th proof Gin, (superior.)

25 crates queens and blue edged earthen
ware, particularly assorted for coun-
try stores.

50 boxes and half boxes Prunes.

100 sacks stoved Salt.

2000 bushels do.

4000 do. ground Allum.

W. HODGSON.

June 10.

TO RENT.

A STORE, on Prince-street, (adjoining
my own) well suited for the wet goods busi-
ness.

JAMES SANDERSON

Offers for Sale, on moderate terms,

5000 lbs. best Green Coffee

10 tierces fresh Rice

20 kegs fresh Raisins

12 tierces green Copperas

5 pipes Cogniac Brandy

10 hhd. 4th proof Jamaica

30 barrels N. E. Rum

25 barrels Whiskey

10 bales Cotton

5 boxes Cotton and Wool Cards

12 boxes Tin Plates.

AND IN STORE,

11 hhd. south Potomac Tobacco.

May 26.

JUST RECEIVED.

AND FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBER,

120 boxes Mould & Dipt Candles
1000 pieces yellow NANKKEENS
4 cases Irish LINENS
10 bales India COTTONS, assorted
4 barrels Glauber's SALTS
30 casks Malaga WINE
And a few boxes choice Bordeaux CLARET.
John G. Ladd.

June 11

Just Received,

AND FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBER,

2 pipes L. P. Madeira WINE
2 half do. do.
6 pipes Cognac BRANDY, 4th proof.

Wadsworth & Butler,

WHO HAVE ON HAND,

20 hhd. Jamaica RUM, 4th proof
10 do. St. Croix do. 2d & 3d do.
8 do. New-England do.
5 pipes Holland GIN
2 do. country do.
1 hhd. L. market Madeira Wine } of a supe-
4 quarter casks do. } rior quality
3 do. do. L. P. Tenerife do. do.
6000 bushels Lisbon SALT.
January 1

Joseph Mandeville,

Corner of King and Fairfax-streets,

ALEXANDRIA:

HAS FOR SALE,

An assortment of WINES, LI-
QUORS, GROCERIES, &c.

Consisting of

MADEIRA

Port

Sherry

Lisbon

Malaga

Teneriffe &

Corsica

Old St. Estephe Medoc claret, in cases of
one dozen

A few dozen fine old frontinac

Ditto do. best wine bitters

Jamaica and West-India rum

New-England do.

Cogniac, Bourdeaux and Naples brandy

Holland and country gin

Schiedam gin in cases

Irish whiskey, very old

70 barrels Pennsylvania rye whiskey

Cider in barrels

White wine and Cider vinegar

Florence oil in flasks

2 hogsheads Havana honey

15 do. choice retailing molasses

Gunpowder

Imperial

Hyson

Young Hyson

Hyson-Skin and

Souchong

Muscovado sugars, different qualities

Bengal white do.

Loaf and lump sugars, Philadelphia, Bal-
timore and Alexandria.

Leiper's, Garrett's, and Hamilton's snuff
in bottles and bladders.

Macuba and rapee do.

Cloyer-seed, (Penn. warranted)

Mace; nutmegs; cloves; cassia; pimen-
to; pepper; ginger, race and ground; Cay
enne pepper; refined salt-petre.

Coffee; chocolate; rice; pearl barley;

London and Philadelphia mustard; basket-
salt; starch; fig blue; floutant indigo; Geo-
gia and Tennessee cotton; flax; wool; mad-
der; copperas; allum; brimstone; chalk;

pipes in boxes; wrapping paper and twine;

traces; bed cords; leading lines; demijohns;

gin cases; patent shot; brandywine gunpow-
der; Harvey's gunpowder, [the only real Brit-
ish battle powder] from F to treble sealed;

chewing tobacco; best Havana segars.

Muscadel and bloom raisins in boxes.

Sun raisins in casks.

Zante currants; prunes; soft shelled al-
monds.

A few boxes excellent pickles, each one
dozen bottles assorted; capers, olives and
chovies, for sale by the box.

A quantity of clean good allum salt suitable
for the fishery, &c. &c.

March 19.

WANTED,

A MILLER who is master of
his business, to take care of a merchant mill.—
So such a one good wages will be given.—
For the person who wants, please apply to
Mr. Joseph Smith, Alexandria.

March 17.

IN COMMON COUNCIL,

JUNE 20, 1867.

ORDERED,
THAT William Reilly, John Dundas, and
Adam Lynn, be appointed commissioners to
hold an election at John Hodgkin's tavern, on
the first Monday in July next, for the pur-
pose of electing a member of the Common
Council for ward number 3, in place of John
McKinney resigned.

Teste, JAMES M. MREA, c. c.

June 23.

JOSEPH H. MANDEVILLE

Has just received and offers for sale,

500 barrels Herrings and Shad

50 do. New-England rum

5 hogsheads Jamaica do.

10 quarter casks Malaga wine

20 boxes imperial and hyson tea

30 barrels rye whiskey

20 bags green coffee

Also, just landed,

200 casks excellent lime.

June 23.

A GIG.

A SECOND-HAND GIG, with Plated

Harness, for sale, low, for cash or mer-
chandize.

J and M. Scholfield.

June 23.

LOST,

ABOUT 10 o'clock yesterday forenoon

by a negro boy, some-where between

the store of Joseph Mandeville, sen. and the

tail of this town One Twenty dollar Note, One

Ten do. and one Five do.—Whoever has

found and will leave the same at the office of

the Alexandria Daily Advertiser, will be libe-
rally rewarded.

June 23.

FOUND,

A TOBACCO NOTE.

Issued at the Falls Warehouse. The own-
er may have it on application to the Printer

and paying the expense of this advertise-
ment.

June 23.

For Freight or Charter,

THE BRIG

INDUSTRY,

Joseph Sevier, master,

Burthen about 1100 barrels, three years old,

and a fast sailer. Enquire of

N. WATTLES & Co.

50 tons of PLISTER for sale on board of

said vessel. Enquire as above.

June 20.

A Miller Wanted.

To a Man who understands the

Milling Business, and can produce good re-

commendations for industry, sobriety, &c. li-

beral wages will be given by applying to

M. MILLER.

Who wants a small vessel for Charles-

ton, burthen 4 or 500 bbls. to which immedi-

ate dispatch will be given.

M. M.

June 20.

JUST RECEIVED,

And now landing from on board the brig Mary,

Capt. Hall, from Boston, at Lawrason and

Fowle's wharf, and for sale by

Lawrason and Fowle,

60 tons plaister Paris; 200 casks lime

50 boxes mould candles; 50 do. soap

6 casks spermaceti oil.

IN STORE,

130 boxes mould candles; 30 do. dip'd do.

40 do. soap; 60 do. chocolate

30 barrels N. E. rum

3 chests imperial, } FRESH

15 do. young Hyson } TEAS.

5 hhd. Mus. sugar; 15 barrels do. do.

40 do. Havana white and brown sugar

100 boxes Nova-Scotia Herrings

40 do. cod-fish; 25 barrels fall mackarel

60 casks raisins

8 bales Beerboom gurrals,

AND

60 quarter casks Bellona gunpowder.

June 20.

FOR SALE.

BY LEWIS DEBLOIS,

An assortment of BROAD CLOTHS, from

eleven to eighteen shillings sterling cost—

part of them intitled to drawback.

Ravens Duck.

French Brandy.

Catalonia Wine, in half pipes and quarter

casks.

New-England Rum, in barrels.

Cod-Fish, and Stone Lime.

May 7.

From the RICHMOND ENQUIRER.

TRIAL OF COL. AARON BURR.

Circuit Court of the United States for the Fifth
Circuit and District of Virginia.

Present JOHN MARSHALL, chief Justice of
the United States,
And CYRUS GRIFFIN, judge of the district
of Virginia.

Saturday, June 12.

Mr. Burr thought it proper to mention, that his counsel had understood that a supplemental charge had been written by the court: that it had been put into the hands of the attorney of the U. S. and that it was to be shown to his own counsel before it was delivered. From the want of time, however, or from some other cause, it had not yet been submitted to his counsel. The court had yesterday requested a copy of his propositions, that they might judge of their application; and if satisfied on that point, that they might give additional instructions to the jury. His counsel had complied with the request; and though it was not possible for the court at first to have perceived whether a supplemental charge was necessary, yet it had now appeared from the whole course of the argument, that each of his propositions would come before the grand jury. If the court was satisfied on the law, they would certainly instruct the jury on such points as seemed inevitably to come before them; but if they had any doubts on the law, they would certainly require an argument; and that he was then ready to demonstrate the truth of each of the propositions which he had submitted. He should make no remarks on the consumption of time, of which gentlemen made so many complaints: he should only observe, that three weeks ago he was ready to argue these points. But he was even willing to limit the time to be employed upon the present arguments; even to a certain number of minutes; he was even willing to argue the points in the way of notes submitted to the court.

Chief Justice stated he had drawn up a supplemental charge, which he had submitted to the attorney for the U. S. with a request that it should also be put into the hands of col. B's counsel; that Mr. Hay had however informed him in the conversation which he had just had with him, that he had been too much occupied himself, to inspect the charge with attention, and deliver it to the opposite counsel; but another reason was that there was one point in the charge which he did not fully approve. He should not therefore deliver his charge at present; and should reserve it until Monday. In the mean time col. B's counsel would have an opportunity of inspecting it; and an argument might be held on the points which had produced an objection from the attorney for the United States.

Mr. E. Randolph. Is it the wish of the court that the argument should be carried on orally or in writing?

Chief Justice. I am willing to hear the remarks on both sides in writing.

Mr. Hay objected to this method from the excessive labor which it would impose upon them either way.

The Chief Justice declared that it was perfectly indifferent to him.

Mr. Martin assured the court that it was perfectly convenient to him to argue the point either orally or in writing.

Mr. Wickham stated, that the attorney for the U. S. wished to object to certain propositions which col. B. had submitted to the court; that he was ready to go into this discussion immediately; that the attorney for the U. S. preferred an argument orally before the court to one in writing; and that this was in fact the very course which col. B's counsel had first recommended. Mr. W. hoped that this supplemental charge would be given to the jury before the witnesses were sent up; that the counsel for the prosecution preferred the contrary, but certainly the most improper course.

The Chief Justice observed that the court would also have wished that the charge should have been delivered before the witnesses were sent up: but that it was almost indifferent to him whether the testimony was submitted to the grand jury before or after the delivery of the charge; that it was often the custom for the petit jury itself to hear the testimony before the law was expounded; and the same practice might extend to the grand jury; so it was extremely easy for them, after they had heard the testimony to apply the instructions of the court and dis-

tinguish those parts which were admissible from those that were not so. It was not, for instance, absolutely necessary for them to know, previous to the delivery of the charge, that two witnesses were necessary to prove the overt act even before a grand jury. When the charge had been delivered, that principle would apply to the testimony which they had actually heard; and though it was desirable that the charge should precede the testimony, yet it was not so essential as to interrupt the proceedings.

Mr. Randolph conceived it far more important to give the supplemental charge before than after the exhibition of the testimony; that with one set of principles on their mind, the grand jury would frequently ask questions in one point of view, which they would not under other impressions; and that the supplemental, like the original charge, ought to precede the evidence.

Mr. Martin observed, that there was this considerable difference between a grand & a petit jury, that when any doubt arose about the propriety of testimony before the petit jury, the court would be present and ready to decide; but the grand jury has not the same aid of the judgment of the court in selecting the testimony.

The Chief Justice said that the necessity of giving a supplemental charge at this time, was not so manifest; as in his original charge he had expressed his ideas on the nature of Treason: That he stated this crime to consist in the actual "levying of war," and that of course the grand jury would have to enquire into the existence of overt acts; that from this statement, it would readily occur to the jury, that no matter what suspicions were entertained, what plans had been formed, what enterprises had been projected, there could be no treason and that without an overt act, no crime of Treason had been committed. The discussion of this question was at length waved.

[To be continued.]

LONDON, April 20.

NATIONAL FRIENDSHIP.

On Saturday last, a very elegant dinner was given at the London Tavern, by the British merchants, trading to North America to Mr. MUNROE, the minister from the United States of America.

The company was very numerous and highly respectable. Among the visitors were Mr. Pinckney, (who it is understood is to succeed Mr. Munroe) the chancellor of the exchequer, lords Mulgrave, Casle, reagh and Erskine; sir William Scott, Mr. Canning, Mr. Rose, &c.

Philip Sanson, esq. the chairman of the committee of American merchants, who presided on the occasion, filled the chair with great ability and to the highest gratification of the company. The day was passed with the utmost harmony and good-humor, and at the same time, with a degree of order which had seldom been witnessed on such occasions. The TOASTS were—

The King. The Queen. The Prince of Wales, &c.

And the following, from the chairman, were received with bursts of applause as particularly appropriate to the object of the meeting:

The President of the United States of America.

Perpetual friendship between Great Britain and the United States of America.

Mr. MUNROE.

Mr. PINCKNEY.

The honorable Mr. ERSKINE, the British minister to the United States of America.

Upon the health of Mr. Munroe being given, that gentleman addressed the company in a feeling, energetic speech, expressive of the high sense he had of the compliment paid to him, and the pleasure he felt at the unanimity that prevailed.

Mr. Pinckney, also, upon his health being drank, addressed the company in an eloquent speech, expressing similar sentiments.

Before the visitors withdrew, Mr. Canning, the secretary of foreign affairs, gave the following toast:

May the British and Americans never meet on terms less friendly than they have done this day.

Which was drank with the utmost satisfaction.

The situation in which the military affairs of the continent stood at our last date, renders it pretty certain that a great and decisive battle has taken place ere this. Report is busy in stating the fact, and numbering the loss of the French, in killed alone, at 30,000 men; but this we do not credit. Rumor also states, that Jerome Bonaparte has been surprised and taken prisoner by the Prussians.

SAVANNAH, June 6.

INDIAN ALARM.

Extract of a letter from St. Mary's dated May 21, received this morning by a gentleman of this city.

"We are very much agitated with an Indian alarm, which, I am really inclined to think, will cause a failure of our June court. Two Indians have been down St. Mary's river, to a place called Trader's Hill, and killed a man of the name of Greene in a most horrid and cruel manner. It appears that they were well fed and treated by Greene; after which he took his seat in a shade out at the door, when they both took their guns and fired thro' him, and cut open his bowels with their knives. His wife and children we understand, were not molested in their escape.

"William Ashley and some others went after them two days since, if I mistake not; and last night, about twelve o'clock, an express came with orders from general Floyd, ordering out our troop of horse in pursuit of the offenders, and some of the foot, if necessity requires. A party of the horse, say six or eight are gone."

CHILLICOTHE (Ohio) June 4.

DISTRESSING.

A gentleman from Campaigre county informs that on the 25th ultimo, a man by the name of Boyer, who lived in that county, was murdered by the Indians.

While he was burning some logs in his new ground, the Indians, five in number, came near to where he was and shot him, twice. Being only wounded by the first fire, he attempted to make his escape; but being fired at a second time he fell. The Indians then tomahawk'd and scalp'd him in a most shocking manner, and laid some peculiar signs on his back, which could not be accounted for by the oldest warriors among the whites. This melancholy circumstance has alarmed the inhabitants of the frontier counties very much; but we are happy to learn that no other act of violence has been committed by the Indians. Some supposed that they were prompted to the above inhumane and daring act, in consequence of the brother-in-law of the deceased having burned an Indian camp last spring. It is also thought that the Indians mistook Boyer for the person who had done them the injury.

NORFOLK, June 19.

Captain Haynes in the fast sailing ship Woodrop Sims, arrived yesterday in 31 days from Guernsey, has politely favored us with a file of London papers from the 23d of April to the 9th of May; and Guernsey papers to the 16th of the last month.

We have given in this day's paper as much of the intelligence by this arrival as the allotment of our paper to the trial of Mr. Burr would permit.

In England the parliament has been dissolved, and the new elections are going on with great spirit, but apparently both in England and Ireland without more than ordinary violence or tumult, except in a few instances. It is not possible for us to say what will be the result, but from the few returns that have been made, we think the new ministry have gained ground. Mr. Sheridan we observe has been forced to abandon his pretensions to Westminster, and has been returned for a small borough under the influence of the Bedford family. The parliament was prorogued on the 27th of April, to meet on the 13th of May; on the 29th of April, parliament was dissolved by proclamation, and the new parliament summoned to meet on the 22d of this month. The election for the 16 Scotch peers was to take place at Halyrood house in Edinburgh on the 9th of this month.

The official accounts of the operations of the British fleet before Constantinople had reached London, and as to the result, are published in this paper; further detailed operations of this expedition will be given hereafter. Nothing can exceed the chagrin and resentment which this circumstance has occasioned in England, and serious enquiries are talked of. From the view we have given of the subject, it appears to have been an expedition badly digested & badly executed.

We do not perceive the smallest notice of the treaty with this country in any of the papers received by this arrival; in short, the affairs of this country, respecting the treaty, are no more noticed than if there had been none made, but this we account for in the expected change in politics, which the new parliament will produce.

Affairs on the continent are detailed as far as we were enabled to give them in this day's paper, from which it does appear that nothing important had occurred between the two grand armies. The 70th bulletin, dated the 9th of April, at Pickenstein, is the latest account published by the French. An account reached London the 6th of

May, that a grand battle had been fought in which Bonaparte was defeated with great loss, and was wounded; this account came from Holland and Hambrogh by private letters, and though not contradicted at the date of our last papers, was not much credited.

The continental journals continue to speak with confidence of peace, or at least of negotiations under the mediation of Austria, who seems determined to pursue the system of neutrality which she has adopted.

Wheat in considerable quantities was daily arriving in England from France, in neutral vessels. Prices the 8th of May, at Mark Lane, fine wheat 78s to 82s per quarter, fine flour 60 to 63s per sack of 10 quarters; the American barrel 42s to 45s and very abundant.

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 24.

REMOVAL.

The office of the *Alexandria Daily Advertiser*, is removed to Royal Street, a few doors south of King Street.

TRIAL OF COL. AARON BURR.

LATEST PROCEEDINGS.

FRIDAY, JUNE 19.

The proceedings of this day were very uninteresting in themselves and may be condensed within a very small compass.

As soon as the court met, Mr. Burr addressed them: He stated that the express that he had sent to Washington with the *Subpoena Duces Tecum*, had returned to this city on Wednesday last, but had received no other than a verbal reply from the president of the United States that the papers wanted would not be sent by him; from which I have inferred said Mr. B. that he intends to send them in some other way. I did not meet on this circumstance yesterday to the court, under an expectation that last night's mail might give us further intelligence on the subject. I now rise to give notice that unless I receive a satisfactory intimation on this subject before the meeting of the court, I shall to-morrow move the court to enforce its process.

The Chief Justice handed down to the bar, a copy of a letter addressed from Dr. Erick Bollman to the chief justice. It was not publicly read, and for that reason Mr. Hay declared that he should not make any remarks upon it. Its contents have not yet transpired.

Mr. Burr's counsel called up James Knox and Charles Lindsey (two of the witnesses for the United States) who had drawn up depositions on which it was intended to ground the attachment against general Wilkinson. Mr. Hay interrupted the motion—by stating that he himself had a motion to make, to the court, and that was for leave to send up such written interrogatories to the grand jury as he thought proper to be put to certain witnesses. His reason was that some of these witnesses would voluntarily depose to as little as possible; that the grand jury might not always know the particular questions to be proposed to them respectively, and to what point to shape their enquiries; that he himself better knew what they would say, (having seen their depositions) and that his interrogatories might probably aid the jury in their investigation.

Mr. Martin. I shall object to this motion, unless it is qualified.—We cannot send up our witnesses to the grand jury but we may send up our interrogatories.—We will assent to the motion of the attorney for the United States, upon the condition that he will assent to ours.

Some conversation ensued upon the motion for an attachment; when the chief justice asked, if the papers could not be put into his hands and the argument take place to-morrow. He wished to consider the question before it was discussed.

Mr. Hay approved of this course: It would prevent the public exhibition of these affidavits, which were drawn up for the sole purpose of defaming general Wilkinson; he would say nothing about the quarter of the persons from whom they came; or the deadly hatred which they had conceived against him; that he had merely glanced his eye at an expression in one of these papers, which was as impudent a falsehood as ever malignity had uttered: the court might compare these papers with the law and determine whether they would justify an attachment or a rule.

Mr. Randolph spoke at considerable length.—He was disposed to postpone this subject till to-morrow, but from the

le had been fought
defeated with great
this account came
ambiguity by private
contradicted at the
was not much cre.

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Advertiser.

JUNE 24.

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MARON BURR.

CEEDINGS.

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ndley (two of the
d States) who had

n which it was in-
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that he himself had
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moment when he heard Mr. Hay's antici-
pating speech he was opposed to all delay.
He had produced documents to support
his motion and yet according to Mr. Hay
it was dictated by nothing more than the
policy to defame general Wilkinson. Mr.
Hay had wandered into the very error
which he had charged to us. He had call-
ed upon the court to defend the character
of general Wilkinson the defender of his
country, who is to come through the fiery
furnace purer than gold; and yet he has
himself charged the witnesses now before
the court with malignity and rancor.

Mr. Burr. Why do gentlemen object
to the present motion being heard, when
they have so often insisted upon their own
right to be heard by the court? Why do
they reproach us with shrinking from the
evidence, when they are now attempting to
screen their favorite witness gen. W. from
a fair investigation of evidence? Does
Mr. Hay desire that the character of these
men should be immolated to this saviour
of his country. The constitution has re-
cognized the equality of man. Tho' these
gentlemen may not be tricked out in the
trappings of military pomp; their rights as ci-
tizens and the respect due to their charac-
ters are the same with those of any other
man.

Mr. M. Rea at some length expatiated
upon the impropriety of animadverting at
this time upon the character of Gen. W.
The court had already said that no step
should be taken, which would affect the
justice of the case; and it was therefore
much better for the court to pursue the
suggestion which they had thrown out; to
examine the papers in private and see whe-
ther the affidavits were relative to the
point, than to prejudice the justice of the
case by a public exhibition of these affida-
vits.

Mr. Wickham protested against the se-
cret tribunal to which gentlemen wished to
resort, for sifting enquiry and murdering
character. The gentlemen who have made
these affidavits are upon their oaths. Is
it right for the U. S. counsel to charge
them with perjury?

Mr. Hay denied having made any such
assertion. He had merely alluded to one
expression in their affidavits, which was
too monstrous to be believed. But why
all this feeling on the present occasion,
when gentlemen have so often charged
Gen. W. with perjury?

Mr. Martin. When did we charge him
with any other perjury than that of violat-
ing the constitution which he had sworn
to support? Is not this notorious? Are
not Swartout and others here to prove
it? We did not say that gen. W. was ready
to perjure himself; but merely that he had
every thing now at stake, and would go
almost all lengths to keep col. B.

After some other discussion, Mr. Burr
agreed to place the papers into the hands
of the court, and to waive his motion till
to-morrow.

Chief Justice. Reduce the motion to
writing.

Mr. Burr. It is only upon the affidavits
of Knox and Lindsley to move for a rule
to show cause why an attachment should
not issue against G. W.

Mr. Martin hoped that as col. B. had
waived his motion, the attorney for the
U. S. would postpone theirs.

Mr. Hay refused upon the ground, that
the witnesses were now before the grand
jury, and that his interrogatories would be
necessary to direct their enquiries.

Mr. Burr. I instructed my counsel to
consent to this motion, upon the condition
that I should also be permitted to send
counter interrogatories.

Mr. Hay did not feel himself at liberty
to acquiesce in such a proposition. He
would rather trust to the distinguished in-
telligence of the grand jury.

Some conversation ensued upon the
form of the motion relative to the attach-
ment. The attorneys for the U. S. insist-
ed upon a specification of the conduct for
which it was to issue. Why not insert
that it was to be for a "contempt of the
court?" why not particularize the very
circumstances in gen. W.'s life which con-
stituted this contempt?

Mr. Burr said that the specification was
to be found in the two affidavits; and that
it was from delicacy to gentlemen he had
not attempted to make these affidavits mat-
ter of record by introducing them upon
the face of the motion.

The motion was at length amended by
introducing words to the following effect:
"for a contempt, in obstructing the admi-
nistration of this justice of the court."

The court adjourned till to-morrow 11
o'clock.

SATURDAY, June 20.

The court was opened about one quar-
ter after eleven.

Mr. E. Randolph. We are about to pro-
ceed in the motion of which notice was given
yesterday.

Mr. Hay stated to the court, the answer
which he received from the president of
the U. S. He read the president's letter
to him, as likewise a letter from Mr. Smith,
the secretary of the navy, containing an
authenticated copy of the order, relative to
col. Burr. He read also a letter from the
secretary at war, relative to the same busi-
ness.

Mr. E. Randolph. We now proceed on
our motion, sir. May it please your hon-
ors, I am now about to submit to your
attention, the motion which was noticed
yesterday. The general purport of this
motion, sir, is to award a rule against gen-
eral Wilkinson, to show cause why an at-
tachment should not issue against him for
improper conduct, relative to certain wit-
nesses brought forward in this case. Whe-
ther, sir, we shall be again charged with
an intention to injure the character and con-
duct of general Wilkinson, I know not;
but of one thing I am confident, that this
is very remote from our design. Sir, we
are possessed of nothing but plain facts to
constitute the grounds on which we have
founded this motion. We rely, sir, only
on plain facts to support the purport of this
motion, and to remove those prejudices,
which may be affixed against us. We only
hope, sir, that the public will be satisfied
of the propriety of guarding the independ-
ence and free will of witnesses in all judi-
cial proceedings. If general Wilkinson
shall be incidentally affected by the legal
consequences and doctrines from the con-
sequences which may arise from the present
investigation, he cannot complain. He has
no reason, sir, to complain of whatever
consequences which may result from his
own conduct. It is due, sir, to the U. S.
it is due to the witnesses in question; it is
due to the persons accused, that any ob-
struction which may have been made by
the hand of military authority, to prevent
the course of evidence in this case, should
be exhibited. Sir, we shall charge gen.
Wilkinson with specific acts, committed
with the express design of thwarting the
defence of the accused. He is to reply by
legal evidence, and not by protestations of
innocence to these facts, which we shall
exhibit against him. I prefer this course,
sir, because after so many criminations
from the counsel against us, for improper
and unnecessary waste of time, we may
not again be accused of the same crime—
and I hope, sir, no more time will likewise
be wasted by these gentlemen in extraordi-
nary eulogies, on the extraordinary merits
of gen. Wilkinson. There may perhaps,
sir, at a future period, be occasion for
them to bring forward their panegyrics on
the character of general Wilkinson. There
may perhaps, sir, be a time which will re-
quire all the force of their rhetoric, and all
the lustre of his talents, to defend his con-
duct. It may be as well, sir, that the beams
of his glory may not now be unnecessarily
dissipated.

The ground, sir, of our charge is this,
that general Wilkinson who is now before
the court, in a case before him; and the
accused, has deliberately used improper
means with the witnesses, who had been
summoned on the part of the prosecution,
and in consequence of the abuse of milita-
ry authority, witnesses were brought for-
ward to this place. This is our ground
sir—I have mentioned general Wilkinson
alone, because we wish merely to have the
principle determined. The affidavits sir,
upon which we found our motion, are
those of lieutenant Knox and Chancellor
Lindsley.

Here Mr. Randolph began to read the
affidavit of lieutenant Knox, when he was
interrupted by Mr. Hay, who opposed its
reading. An argument of some length
then took place between the counsel on
both sides, whether the affidavits should be
read, or the witnesses examined in open
court. The court decided for the latter
measure. James Knox was then called.

Mr. M. Rea proposed, that the examina-
tion should be deferred for a short time un-
til general Wilkinson himself was present.
He was then Mr. M. Rea observed before
the grand jury.

Mr. Martin opposed the delay in this
stage of the business; as general Wilkinson
and his counsel, could take no part in the
business at present, it being only a rule to
show cause why an attachment should not
issue.

Mr. M. Rea supposed the counsel on the
prosecution, ought to be present, and ought
to set in this stage of the motion—and said,
with the leave of the court, they intended
to put some questions themselves to the
witnesses. He believed he could satisfy
the court, that there was no just foundation
for the present motion.

Mr. Martin said he thought he had as-
signed a very satisfactory reason, why
there should not be any delay. He confess-
ed they were in court, and never denied
this; but in legal contemplation, they cer-
tainly were not in court.

Mr. Wirt advocated the propriety, and
the expediency, not the right that general
Wilkinson should be present.

Mr. Martin said they had no more busi-
ness to interfere in the present motion, than
the counsel for colonel Burr, had to inter-
fere with the witnesses before the grand
jury. He therefore hoped the court would
not agree to a delay.

Colonel Burr said he wished by no
means even to exclude general Wilkinson
at the present stage of the motion, or even
for producing testimony on the present
motion although it was irregular.

Mr. Hay asked if that declaration decid-
ed the question. The concession of colo-
nel Burr to wait for general Wilkinson and
for privilege of putting questions to the
witnesses. He therefore moved that this
business stand over until the general be
discharged from the grand jury.

Mr. Wickham said he had no objections
for a delay provided Mr. Hay would
name another day when the question should
proceed.

Mr. Randolph said the course of the bu-
siness caused him to vary his motion and
in place of a rule he would move at once
for an attachment.

It was therefore agreed that the motion
be deferred until Monday.

The court then adjourned.

FROM HAYTI.

Port-au-Prince, June 4.

"I calculate, in a month, Port-au-Prince will entire-
ly subdue the north, as almost every day
brings an account of an additional success o-
ver the enemy. The fort Laychaye, contain-
ing two generals and 3,000 men, was taken ten
days since, by the army under his command;
and Gonaives surrendered to the soldiers, that
went in a fleet of English and other vessels
from hence. We are now anxiously waiting
to hear of their equal success against St.
Marcs: after which there is nothing that will
stop them until their arrival at the Cape, which,
no doubt, they will soon conquer, as both one
and all resolve to completely subdue the north,
or perish in the attempt."

From a London paper of April 28.

AMERICAN TRADE.

The following interesting correspondence has
been sent us for insertion.

[COPY.]

"Mr. Secretary Canning presents his com-
pliments to Mr. Monroe, and in answer to
his letter of the 2d instant, has the honor to
transmit to him the copy of a letter from Mr.
Marsden, by which he will perceive that the
lords commissioners of the admiralty have
disapproved of the conduct of the command-
ers of his majesty's ships Scorpion and Blood-
hound, in having warned the American ship
in question from entering the port of Antwerp,
as represented by Mr. Munroe.

"Sir, Portland Place, April 23.

"I have the honor to enclose a copy of Mr.
Secretary Canning's note to me of the 20th
instant, which, as it contains a communicati-
on of considerable importance to the com-
merce of the United States, I have to request
that you will be so good as to make known to
those who are engaged. I have the honor to
be your obedient servant,

(Signed) JAMES MUNROE."

"W. Lyman, Esquire, Consul of the United
States, London."

"American Consulate and Agency, Lon-
don, April 25, 1807."

"All merchants and others interested in
the commerce of the United States of Ame-
rica, will take notice of the foregoing commu-
nications, and govern themselves accordingly.
"W. LYMAN.

Port of Alexandria.

ARRIVED,

Schr. Harmony, Tunnell, Wilmington—corn,
to Joseph Dean

Polly and Sally, Keith, Baltimore—sun-
dries, to different Merchants

CLEARED,

Brig Betsey, Stevens, Jamaica,
by P. Janney & Ben. Shreve, jr.

Schr. Constellation, Goddard, Kingsale,
by the Master

Sloop Maria Antoinette, Gaines, St. Jago de
Cuba—by Wadsworth & Butler

Cherokee, Sanger, Nanjemoy,
by the Master

ASSIZE OF BREAD.

Made of Superfine Burr Flour.

	CENTS.
The 8 pound loaf to be sold for	34
4 pound loaf	17
2 pound loaf	8 1/2
1 pound loaf	4

JOHN LONGDEN,
Clerk of the Market.

June 22.

Marshal's Sale.

BY virtue of a decree of the Hon. the Cir-
cuit Court of the district of Columbia,
for the county of Alexandria, in the case of
Andrew Reintzoff, against Rudolph Martin,
will be sold, at the Coffee-House, on the 20th
day of July next, between the hours of 12 and
2 o'clock, to the highest bidder, for ready
money—One HOUSE and LOT, on Duke-
street, to the westward of Alfred-street; the
Lot extending on Duke-street 21 feet in front,
and in depth 28 feet to a 20 feet alley.

R. MOSS, D. M.

For D. C. BRENT, Marshal.

June 24.

NOTICE.

THE MEMBERS of the WASHINGTON So-
ciety of Alexandria, will please to take
notice, that a regular stated meeting of the
said Society, will be held at Gadsby's hotel,
on Saturday, the fourth of July next, at eleven
o'clock, in the forenoon. The Society will
move in procession precisely at 12 o'clock, to
the Presbyterian Church, where an ORATION
will be delivered by JOHN H. THOMAS, Esq.
The military and citizens are invited to join
the procession.

By order of the Standing Committee,

G. DENEALE, Sec'y.

June 24.

Lost, or Mislaid,

A NEGOTIABLE NOTE, of Messrs.
JONATHAN and MARION SCOTFIELD,
dated 6th June, and payable to William A.
Mills: endorsed by William A. Mills and
William Newton. The finder of said Note,
will be rewarded by leaving it with the sub-
scriber.

Payment of said Note being stopped,
it can be of no use but to the proper owner.

Samuel Craig.

June 24.

I have a few Casks of

Particular Teneriffe Wine,

Of very superior quality, imported early in the
year 1804:

Which will be sold, on moderate terms, to
close a consignment.

Phineas Janney.

June 24.

NOTICE.

THOSE who have Flour stored with me,
are hereby requested to take said flour
away or sell it, on or before the 24th day of
July next; at which time I intend to leave
Alexandria, and will not be accountable for any
flour now in my possession after the time a-
bove stated. Also those who have claims
against me, are requested to bring them for-
ward for settlement; and those who are in-
debted to me, or the firm of DENNEY & POW-
ELL, will please to make payment by the first
day of August next, as no further indulgence
will be given.

The Store and Warehouse I now oc-
cupy are for Sale or Rent, on liberal terms.

Edmund Denney.

June 24.

TO BE SOLD,

FOR READY MONEY,

To the highest bidder, at public auction, at
Dawson's tavern, in the county of Loudoun,
and town of Leesburg on FRIDAY the
14th day of August next, if fair; if not, the
next fair day; by virtue of a decree of the
court of the United States, for the 5th cir-
cuit, in the Virginia district, pronounced
at May term 1806 in a suit depending in
said court between the executors of Daniel
Mildred, deceased, who was surviving partner
of Mildred and Roberts, plaintiffs—and
Samuel Hough and others defendants—

300 Acres of Land,

Near Leesburg, on the waters of Tuscara-
ra, in the county of Loudoun—three acres of
Meadow near Leesburg, and a House and Lot
in Leesburg; or so much thereof as will be
sufficient to raise certain sums of money, in-
terest and costs, in said decree mentioned.

William Mann,

Armstead Long,

Charles F. Mercer,

June 24.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, last
evening, a Negro Girl, named Grace:
She is about 13 years old, stout made; has a
scar on the back of one of her hands.—Ten
Dollars will be given if taken in town, and
Twenty if without.

T. CRAVEN.

June 24.

Notice.

WHEREAS the subscriber has obtained
letters of administration from the or-
phans court for the county of Alexandria, in
the district of Columbia, on the personal es-
tate of Hugh West, deceased, late of the said
county—this is to request all persons who have
claims against the said estate to exhibit the
same, legally proven, to the subscriber, on or
before the 1st day of December next, and all
who are indebted are required to make imme-
diate payment.

Ann West, Adm'r.

June 1

2aw45

Valuable Property for Sale.

TO BE SOLD, in four distinct lots or together, four acres of LAND, containing from one and a quarter acre to two acres each, most eligibly situated without the territory of Columbia, extending in a right line from Gibbon-street to Great-Hunting-Creek, intersecting Jefferson, Franklin, and Green-street, and bounding east and west on Fayette and Payne-streets.

A plan of the ground and further particulars may be obtained by application to

James Patton.
tawf

June 22.

THE SUBSCRIBERS

Being desirous of bringing the affairs of the late firm of THOMPSON and VEITCH, to a final close, OFFER FOR SALE the following

REAL PROPERTY, viz.

THREE comfortable Dwelling-Houses, with elegant stores, on the south side of King, between Fairfax and Royal-streets, lots extending back 175 feet; at present occupied by Joseph Janney, James Russell, and James R. Riddle and Co. The situation is considered to be amongst the best for business in Alexandria.

A dwelling house and lot on the north side of King-street, near the corner of King and Pitt-streets, occupied by Samuel Snowden.

A lot, fronting 56 feet on Pitt-street, extending back 119 feet, and bounded on the south by an alley, on which is a shed occupied by M. Dorsey, coach-maker.

A brick dwelling house on Prince-street, between Fairfax and Royal-streets, occupied by William Lovering.

Also, the vacant lots adjoining, on each side of said house. Their situation for business equal to any unimproved property in town.

That large and commodious brick tavern, in George-Town, with all the buildings and improvements attached thereto, situated on the main street leading from the public ferry; occupied by Joseph Semmes.

Three handsome three story brick dwelling houses, with brick stables and carriage houses, being part of the six buildings, situated on Pennsylvania avenue, in the city of Washington.

A handsome, commodious, and well finished brick dwelling house, in Charlestown, Jefferson county, late the property of Van Rutherford, with a large garden and the corner storehouse on same lot, situate near the centre of the main street.

Also, a tan-yard with sundry improvements, a comfortable dwelling house and lot adjoining, very handsomely situated, &c. Late the property of George Hite.

Also, a two story house and lot on the main street, at present occupied by Charles Foulk.

And a vacant lot on the main street, in a central situation for business.

For particular information respecting the above property in Charles-Town, application may be made to William Tate, Esq. of that place, or to Henry St. George Tucker, Esq. of Winchester.

A tract of land in Loudoun county, containing 400 acres, situate near the Gum Spring, late the property of J. Spencer. On this tract there are two settlements and about 60 acres in cultivation, the rest of the land well timbered; the new turnpike road will pass through a part of this tract. Captain Charles Lewis living near the Gum-Spring, will show this land to any person desirous of viewing it.

One other tract of 198 acres, in Frederick county, about four miles from Winchester and near the lands belonging to Judge Holmes. For particulars, apply to Henry St. George Tucker, Esq.

One other tract of 400 acres, in Hampshire county, on a branch of Fairley's Run, near the town of Frankfort, formerly owned by Daniel Jones.

One other tract of 500 acres, in Randolph county, being part of an old military survey, on the south side of Glad Creek, considered to be of excellent quality. This tract is situated in a thickly settled part of that country, and contiguous to the main road leading from Randolph to the horse-shoe-bottom, on Cheat-river.

One other tract, named Fertility, of 263 acres, in Westmoreland county, state of Pennsylvania; situated on the Monongahela river, and binding thereon for 3-4 of a mile, about one quarter of a mile below Casner's ferry, and 4 miles above Purkinson's ferry. A large proportion is rich bottom land, with a valuable orchard of sugar trees and about 60 acres in cultivation. The main road from Union-Town to Pittsburg passes close by this land.

Any part of the above described property we are disposed to sell at reasonable rates; on the following terms, viz. One fifth in hand, and the residue in three or four equal annual payments, the purchaser giving bonds with security on the premises.

Jonah Thompson,
Richard Veitch.

Alexandria, April 25.

Sale at Auction.

On THURSDAY, 25th June, will be sold at public auction, on the premises, at 4 o'clock, in the afternoon,

Two Brick Houses, situated on Falls-street, next door to where the bank of Columbia was kept, and where John M. Gantt, Esq. formerly resided, now in the occupancy of Alexander McDonald. This property is in excellent repair and very eligibly situated for business—one house has the floor level with the street and fitted up for a store; the other is fit for a genteel private family, it having every convenience. No property in George-Town is better situated for business, it being near the bank and market. It will be exchanged for property in Baltimore, or sold on a credit—one third in sixty days, the remainder in one and two years, the purchasers to give their notes negotiable at either of the banks, with approved endorsers. On the last payment being made an indisputable title will be given.

John Travers, Auc'r.
George-Town, June 15. (17) eo3tt

Public Sale.

ON MONDAY,

The 6th day of July next, at 4 o'clock, in the afternoon, will be sold, at public auction, on the premises, (if not previously disposed of by private sale, of which timely notice will be given)

That LOT on the west side of Fairfax-street, to the south of the Marshal's late office, and nearly opposite Mr. Thompson's, measuring 39 feet 1 3-4 inches on Fairfax-street, and backwards parallel with Cameron-street 123 feet 5 inches.

The dwelling house consists of five rooms, a kitchen, and good large cellar. A thorough repair of the house, building a new stable, and other improvements on this lot, cost upwards of \$1000 in the year 1802.

AND IMMEDIATELY THEREAFTER, At the Coffee-House,

That half acre lot in the town of Dumfries, near the tobacco warehouse & Quantico creek, designated in the plan of the said town by No. 146; on which are erected a substantial, well built brick house, 54 by 28 feet, a bale, or store house, 36 by 18 feet, stable, &c.

The purchaser to give bonds with security for the price, payable by equal portions in one, two and three years, without interest if punctually paid; and to secure the payments a deed of trust on the property purchased. A good title will be made by

Colin Auld.
May 20. [22] 3tawts

Forty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY, on the 5th instant, a small Negro Boy named JIM, about 13 years of age, 4 feet 6 or 7 inches high, of a yellowish complexion, weak and inflamed eyes, and has a few faint scars on his face; his hair cut close excepting a small circular bunch behind, stutters when he attempts to speak fast or is alarmed. Had on an old tow linen shirt, and a pair of old black striped linsy trousers, patched with blue and white kersey. He is an artful chap and will attempt to pass for a free boy, by getting some free negro to own him for a child, which he has frequently said would be his plan should he run away.

TWENTY DOLLARS will be paid for apprehending him, if taken in this state, and the above reward if taken out of the state, if secured so that I get him, and all reasonable charges if brought home to

Basil Simpson,
On Elk-Ridge, Anne-Arundel county, Maryland.
June 17, 1807. 2aw6t*

Thirty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber in August last, a negro woman named Tabb; she is about 35 years of age, of the common size, of a yellowish complexion, long face, high cheek bones, and her eyes sunk in—she understands every kind of house work, washing, nursing, &c. In the latter capacity she has been passing herself in Alexandria, and has said by my authority. There are various circumstances which lead me to believe she has been and is now secreted by her husband Jerry (the property of Joseph Mandeville, junior). He is hired to his father John Mandeville, as a laborer, and sometimes drives a cart on the streets. Twenty Dollars will be paid if taken in the district, and the above reward if taken above 10 miles without, provided that she is so secured that I get her again.

All persons are cautioned against harboring or employing said negro, in any capacity whatever.

H. ROSE.
April 24. [28.] 2aw

To Sell or Rent,

Sundry LOTS in Alexandria—Also several in the city of Washington. For terms apply to SARAH PORTER.
February 14. 2aw

R. C. WEIGHTMAN,

At his Book Store, (late DUANE'S) City of Washington,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY FOR SALE,

A large and general assortment of

Books and Stationary of every kind:

Printing Ink of the first quality—Patent Ball Skins—and Music and Musical Instruments. All of which he sells at the lowest Philadelphia prices for cash.

R. C. W. has now in the press, and purposes publishing on the first of August next, SIMPLE TALES, by Mrs. OPIE. 2 vols. 12 mo. of about 360 pages each. Price to subscribers \$1 75 in boards—to non-subscribers 2\$. Subscriptions for this work, are received at this office, at the book store of Messrs. Cotton and Stewart, and at Mr. Shutz's circulating library.

May 28.
Subscriptions and payments received as heretofore by R. C. W. for the Aurora, who is constituted agent for that purpose.

Soap and Candle Works

FOR SALE.

THE subscriber having determined on relinquishing his business, offers for sale, his entire Works in the Soap and Candle manufacturing line. The Works are almost new and in good condition, fit for any person (so inclined) to go to work immediately.

In point of situation, there is none in this place equal to it for business, being within a few yards of the wharf, lower end of King-street, in which the principal business is done. It is deemed unnecessary to give a description of the Works, as it is presumed that no person will purchase without viewing them; however, they are the most extensive in this place. There is about six hundred bushels of prime Ashes on the premises. Six months of the time for which the place was rented is unexpired. For terms apply to the subscriber on the premises.

William Kean.

June 19. eo3t
N. B. Immediate application would be of advantage to the person to purchase or rent.

The U. States—Libellants,

against

The Schooner Hyland, her Rigging, Tackle, Apparel and Furniture—

Respondents.

IT IS ORDERED,

THAT a special court be held, on the 6th day of July next, for the trial of this cause, in this court, then to be held in the town of Alexandria, and that the Marshal do give public notice of the seizure and libel, by causing the substance of the libel, together with this order, citing forth the time and place of trial, to be published at the court-house door of this county, at the coffee-house door, in Alexandria, and in the public newspapers of the said town, at least fourteen days previous to the day of trial.

George Deneale, C. C.

May 15. eots

Pursuant to the above order

of court, Robert Moss, D. M. for Daniel C. Brent, marshal of the district of Columbia, hereby gives Notice, That the seizure and libel in the case above stated, is for a breach of the revenue laws, in trading to a certain port in the island of St. Domingo, not under the acknowledged government of France. The trial will commence on the day, and at the place above mentioned; where all persons concerned are notified to attend.

R. MOSS, D. M.

May 15.

The Subscriber has just Received

And offers for sale,

Ninety hampers Bristol PORTER BOTTLERS, containing one gross each. Seven bales COTTON, of a superior quality for retailing—and

A few tierces fresh RICE.

ON HAND,

Best Philadelphia PORTER AND PALE ALE, in hhds.

Do. BEER, in barrels.

AND AS USUAL,

First quality Philadelphia Porter and Pale Ale, in bottles, put up for home, or export consumption.

ALSO,

WHITE AND BROWN SOAP, old and dry, and in nice order for retailing, or family use.

Wm. DUNLAP.

June 10.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

Ran away from the subscriber, living in Hardy county, Virginia, on the first instant, a negro man named DICK, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, has a down look when spoken to; his father is a freeman in Alexandria, and it is probable he will make that way. Whoever takes up said negro and secures him in any goal so that I get him again, shall have the above reward.

Joseph Van Meter.

June 13.

N. B. All persons are forewarned against harboring said fellow, as I am determined to prosecute to the extent of the law.

V. M.

For Sale by the Subscribers,

Lisbon Carpeting for summer, of different qualities,

Bucellos and Carcavello Wines in quart casks,

Window Glass of different sizes,

Mould Candles of a superior quality in small boxes,

Soft shelled Almonds in bags,

A quantity of patent Iron hollow ware.

R. T. Hooe & Co.

June 1.

Valuable Property for Sale.

PURSUANT to a decree of the Honorable the Circuit Court of the district of Columbia, in a suit depending in Alexandria county, in Chancery, wherein COLIN AULD, administrator of ROBERT MILLIGAN, deceased, is complainant, and WILLIAM WILSON is defendant—will be exposed to Public Sale, on MONDAY, the 6th day of July next, at 10 o'clock, in the forenoon, AT THE COFFEE-HOUSE,

A LOT, containing one acre; extending on Washington-street three hundred and fifty-three feet two inches, and on Oronoko-street one hundred and twenty-three feet five inches; on which there are erected a substantial, commodious and well-finished dwelling house and other suitable buildings, as lately occupied by Mr. Wilson. Subject to a ground rent of twenty pounds per annum.

A FARM, called "MOUNT-HYBLA," handsomely situated, containing about 250 acres, six miles from town, and adjoining the lands of James Patton and Thompson Mason.

Three-fourth parts of an undivided interest in the whole of the Lands heretofore attached to the Keep-Trust furnace, being about 1400 acres, with the exception of the works and 221 acres sold to the government of the United States, lying in Berkely, now Jefferson county, near Harper's ferry.

And at the same hour, on the following day, at the Premises,

Twenty-six Acres and forty-

five Perches of Ground, lying within the limits of the corporation, bounded to the northward by the lands formerly belonging to Richard Conway, deceased; on the eastward by the lands of the heirs of Samuel Arell; on the southward by the lands of Lawrence Hoof and King-street continued; and on the westward by the lands of Charles Lee and Benjamin Dulany: eight acres of which are under a lease to Purkis and Workman, which expires on the first of April next, and are in a state of high cultivation as a garden.

Nine Acres of Ground, be-

ginning on the north side of Queen-street, near the powder house; running thence with the north side of said street westwardly to the line of land belonging to the heirs of Samuel Arell; thence northwardly with that line into Oronoko street; thence eastwardly with said street to Mr. Fendall's line; thence southwardly with said line to the beginning.

The respective lands will be sold together, or divided into such lots as may be deemed most advantageous.

By agreement of the parties interested, a credit of one, two and three years will be given, upon bonds with sufficient security for the purchase money being granted, bearing interest from the day of sale, and the punctual payment thereof, by equal portions at these periods, further secured by deeds of trust on the respective properties purchased.

Charles Lee, } Com'rs.
Thomas Swan, }

June 3.

A Brewery Establishment FOR SALE.

WISHING to quit the brewing business, I offer for sale all my right and interest in that extensive BREWERY which I now occupy. There is an established business, 1500 barrels having been sold in one season, 2000 might be made—all the working utensils complete, with malt house, kiln, mill, casks, and 300 bushels of malt. Also a line of wharf extending along the Potomac 150 feet, very suitable for a lumber yard, or to receive flour by water—this may be treated for separately.

These premises are held by lease from the Corporation, who are to pay for all improvements of stone and brick, at the end of the lease, of which there are ten years unexpired from the 7th September next. One third of the purchase money will be required—for the remainder a liberal credit will be given on sufficient security. For further particulars apply to

Thomas Cruse.

May 27.

If not sold at private sale by the first of August, it will on that day be sold by public auction, at ten o'clock, on the premises, to the highest bidder.

PRINTED DAILY

SAMUEL SNOWDEN.